# **Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists**



# Functional Analysis & Records Disposition Authority

Presented to the State Records Commission October 23, 2002

# **Table of Contents**

Functional and Organizational Analysis of the Board of Licensure for Professiona Geologists	
Sources of Information	
Historical Context	
Agency Organization	3
Agency Function and Subfunctions	3
Analysis of Record Keeping System and Records Appraisal of the Board of Licens Professional Geologists	
Agency Record Keeping System	6
Records Appraisal	6
Permanent Records List	8
Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists Records Disposition Authority	9
Explanation of Records Requirements	9
Records Disposition Requirements Promulgating Rules and Regulations Licensing Enforcing Administering Internal Operations: Managing the Agency Administering Internal Operations: Managing Finances	10 10 11
Requirement and Recommendations for Implementing the Records Disposition Auth	nority 13

# Functional and Organizational Analysis of the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists

# **Sources of Information**

Representatives of the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists

Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 34-41-1 through 34-41-24

Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 41-20-1 through 41-20-16 (Sunset Law)

Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 41-22-1 through 41-22-27 (Administrative Procedures Act)

Alabama Administrative Code 364-x-1 through 364-x-21

Alabama Government Manual 1998

Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists Audit Report (1997-1999)

### **Historical Context**

The Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists was established in 1995 by the legislature. The profession was not regulated prior to the creation of the board.

# **Agency Organization**

The board consists of seven members appointed by the governor. Board members are licensed geologists. Membership is divided into representatives of separate subgroups of geologists: faculty of the departments of geology at colleges and universities in the state of Alabama that grant degrees in the geological sciences; governmental agencies employing geologists; the mining industry; petroleum industries; geotechnical and/or environmental engineering firms; and independent geological consultants. Members serve three-year terms of office. The board elects from its membership a chair, a vice-chair, and a secretary-treasurer. The board contracts with the management firm of Warren & Company to handle its business. It also appoints an employee of Warren & Company to function as executive secretary. An organizational chart is attached.

# **Agency Function and Subfunctions**

The mandated function of the board is to license and regulate geologists. It is one of the agencies responsible for performing the Regulatory function of Alabama government. In the performance of its mandated function, the agency may engage in the following subfunctions.

• **Promulgating Rules and Regulations.** In accordance with the Administrative

Procedures Act (Code of Alabama 1975, Section 41-22-3), the board has the authority to prescribe rules and regulations for certification in the practice of geology. The board also develops the appropriate procedures for the promulgation of rules, regulations, and procedures.

• **Licensing.** The board licenses geologists and geologists-in-training. Applicants for licensure must fulfill the following requirements: five years of full-time work experience, a strong moral character, and a degree in geology from an accredited university or college. Five references are also required for licensure. Two of the five references must attest to the moral character, reputation, integrity, and community standing of the applicant. Examinations are offered annually. The examinations are designed and administered by the National Association of State Boards of Geology.

Geologists in training are licensed in a similar way to professional geologists. Geologists in training are applicants who have completed their academic training and have passed the examination covering fundamental or academic geological subjects but have not completed five years of work experience. They are supervised by a licensed geologist.

Licenses are renewed biennially. The first renewal does not require continuing education but the licensee must fulfill 30 professional development hours in order to renew his/her license a second time.

- **Enforcing.** The board hears and tries charges against any licensed geologists or geologists in training for any violation. The board may deny, revoke, or suspend a license. The board institutes hearings to decide which action to impose. The licensee may seek a judicial review through the Circuit Court of Montgomery County if s/he is dissatisfied with the board's decision.
- **Administering Internal Operations.** A significant portion of the agency's work includes general administrative, financial, and personnel activities performed to support its programmatic areas of the agency.

Managing the Agency: Activities include internal office management activities common to most government agencies such as corresponding and communicating; scheduling; meeting; documenting policy and procedures; reporting; litigating; drafting, promoting, or tracking legislation; publicizing and providing information; managing records; and managing information systems and technology.

**Managing Finances:** Activities involved in managing finances may include the following: budgeting (preparing and reviewing the budget package, submitting the budget package to the Department of Finance, documenting amendments and performance of the budget); purchasing (requisitioning and purchasing supplies

and equipment, receipting and invoicing for goods, and authorizing payment for products received); accountings for the expenditure, encumbrance, disbursement, and reconciliation of funds within the agency's budget through a uniform system of an accounting and reporting; authorizing travel; contracting with companies or individuals; bidding for products and services; and assisting in the audit process.

# Analysis of Record Keeping System and Records Appraisal of the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists

# **Agency Record Keeping System**

The Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists operates a hybrid system composed of paper and electronic records.

Paper: The agency maintains most of its records in paper form at its office. Computer Systems: The Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists operates a multiplatform network. The board also utilizes Microsoft Office and Lotus software to create and maintain the board's budget.

# **Records Appraisal**

The following is a discussion of the two major categories of records created and/or maintained by the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists: Temporary Records and Permanent Records.

- **I. Temporary Records.** Temporary records should be held for what is considered their active life and be disposed of once all fiscal, legal, and administrative requirements have been met.
  - Licensure Files. Included in these records are applications and written notifications that applicants were licensed. The records contains important information on the geologists such as education and work experience. Also included is a photograph of the licensee sent when s/he applied for the license. The recommended retention for these records is five years after the license has become inactive.
  - Renewal Files. These are records created when a licensee renews his/her license. Licenses are renewed biennially. The board uses these files to keep track of renewals but also to see if the licensee is following the rules and regulations of the board. The recommended retention is five years after the end of the year in which the records were created.

<u>II. Permanent Records.</u> The Government Records Division recommends the following records as permanent.

# **Promulgating Rules and Regulations**

• **Published Rules and Regulations.** The board publishes a booklet for public distribution.

Included are excerpts from the Code of Alabama and the board's administrative code. This publication should be retained permanently because it documents all professional rules and procedures governing geologists in Alabama.

(Bibliographic Title: Rules and Regulations)

 Meeting Minutes and Orders of the Board. These records document decisions of the board and provide important information and documentation of the board's actions that may not be found elsewhere. (Bibliographic Title: Meeting Minutes)

## Licensing

• **Roster of Licensees.** The board maintains a roster of licensees on its database. The roster is published biennially. This roster includes names and addresses of the licensees, license numbers, and places of business. The roster should be maintained permanently because it documents the profession of geologists.

(Bibliographic Title: Roster of Licensees )

# **Enforcing**

This board currently creates no permanent records under this subfunction

# **Administering Internal Operations**

- **Newsletters.** The board occasionally publishes newsletters to serve as a communication tool. The newsletter contains information about the board and its activities. Newsletters are retained permanently. **(Bibliographic Title: Newsletters)**
- Website. The board has a website at <a href="www.algeobd.state.al.us">www.algeobd.state.al.us</a>. Information on the web includes a list of board members, continuing education committee members, rules and regulations, and application forms. The disposition statement calls for retaining a "snap shot" of all website information annually, or as often as significant changes are made to the site.

# Permanent Records List Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists

# **Promulgating Rules and Regulations**

- 1. Published Rules and Regulations
- 2. Meeting Minutes and Orders of the Board

# Licensing

1. Roster of Licensees

# **Administering Internal Operations**

- 1. Newsletters
- 2. Website

# **Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists Records Disposition Authority**

This Records Disposition Authority (RDA) is issued by the State Records Commission under the authority granted by the Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 41-13-5 and 41-13-20 through 21. It was compiled by the Government Records Division, Alabama Department of Archives and History (ADAH), which serves as the commission's staff, in cooperation with representatives of the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists. The RDA lists records created and maintained by the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists in carrying out its mandated functions and activities. It establishes retention periods and disposition instructions for those records and provides the legal authority for the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists to implement records destruction.

Alabama law requires public officials to create and maintain records that document the business of their offices. These records must be protected from "mutilation, loss, or destruction," so that they may be transferred to an official's successor in office and made available to members of the public. Records must also be kept in accordance with auditing standards approved by the Examiners of Public Accounts (Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 36-12-2, 36-12-4, and 41-5-23). For assistance in implementing this RDA, or for advice on records disposition or other records management concerns, contact the ADAH Government Records Division at (334) 242-4452.

# **Explanation of Records Requirements**

This RDA supersedes any previous records disposition schedules governing the retention of the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists' records. Copies of superseded schedules/RDAS are no longer valid and may not be used for records disposition.

The RDA establishes retention and disposition instructions for records regardless of the medium on which those records may be kept. Electronic mail, for example, is a communications tool that may record permanent or temporary information. As for records in any other format, the retention periods for e-mail records are governed by the requirements of the subfunctions to which the records belong.

Some temporary records listed under the Administering Internal Operations subfunction of this RDA represent duplicate copies of records listed for long-term or permanent retention in the RDAs of other agencies.

Certain other records and records-related materials need not be retained as records under the disposition requirements in this RDA. Such materials include: (1) duplicate record copies that do not require official action, so long as the creating office maintains the original record for the period required; (2) catalogs, trade journals, and other publications received that require no action and do not document government activities; (3) stocks of blank stationery, blank forms, or other surplus materials that are not subject to audit and have become obsolete; (4) transitory

records, which are temporary records created for short-term, internal purposes, may include, but are not limited to: telephone call-back messages; drafts of ordinary documents not needed for their evidential value; copies of material sent for information purposes but not needed by the receiving office for future business; and internal communications about agency social activities. They may be disposed of without documentation of destruction.

# **Records Disposition Requirements**

This section of the RDA is arranged by subfunctions of the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists and lists the groups of records created and/or maintained by the agency as a result of activities and transactions performed in carrying out these subfunctions. The agency may submit requests to revise specific records disposition requirements to the State Records Commission for consideration at its regular quarterly meetings.

# **Promulgating Rules and Regulations**

#### PUBLISHED RULES AND REGULATIONS

Disposition: PERMANENT RECORD.

#### MEETING MINUTES AND ORDERS OF THE BOARD

Disposition: PERMANENT RECORD.

#### **Register of Administrative Rules**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain in office (Code of Alabama, 1975 Section 41-22-6).

# **Licensing**

#### ROSTER OF LICENSEES

Disposition: PERMANENT RECORD.

#### **Register of Applications**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain until superceded.

#### **Examination Files**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 5 years after the end of the year in which the records were created.

#### **Licensure Files**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 5 years after the license has become inactive.

#### **Renewal Files**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 5 years after the end of the year in which the records

were created.

#### **Deferred Applications Files**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain two years after record has been created.

### **Denied Applications Files**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain five years after record has been created.

# **Inactive Applications Files**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain two years after record has been created.

# **Enforcing**

#### **Investigation Files**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 5 years after the license has become inactive.

# **Administering Internal Operations: Managing the Agency**

#### WEBSITE

Disposition: PERMANENT RECORD. RETAIN A "SNAP SHOT" OF COMPLETE WEBSITE ANNUALLY OR AS OFTEN AS SIGNIFICANT CHANGES ARE MADE TO THE SITE.

#### **NEWSLETTERS**

Disposition: PERMANENT RECORD.

#### **Routine Correspondence**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 3 years after end of the fiscal year in which the records were created.

#### **Administrative Reference Files**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain for useful life.

# Records documenting the implementation of the agency's approved RDA (copies of transmittal forms to Archives or the State Records Center, evidence of obsolete records destroyed, and annual reports to the State Records Commission)

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 3 years after end of the fiscal year in which the records were created.

#### Copy of RDA

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 3 years after end of the fiscal year in which the RDA is superseded.

System documentation (hardware/software manuals and diskettes, warranties, Y2K

#### records)

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain documentation of former system 3 years after the end of the fiscal year in which the former hardware and software no longer exists anywhere in the agency and all permanent records have been migrated to a new system.

### **Board Appointment Letters**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 3 years after board member has left office.

# **Administering Internal Operations: Managing Finances**

Records documenting the preparation of a budget request package and reporting of the status of funds, requesting amendments of allotments, and reporting program performance Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 3 years after end of the fiscal year in which the records were created.

Records documenting the requisitioning and purchasing of supplies and equipment, receipting and invoicing for goods, and authorizing payment for products

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 3 years after end of the fiscal year in which the records were created.

Records of original entry or routine accounting transactions such as journals, registers, and ledgers; and records of funds deposited outside the state treasury, including bank statements, deposit slips, and cancelled checks

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 3 years after end of the fiscal year in which the records were created.

Records documenting requests for authorization from supervisors to travel on official business and other related materials, such as travel reimbursement forms and itineraries Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 3 years after end of the fiscal year in which the records were created.

Contractual records established for the purpose of services or personal property Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 6 years after expiration of the contract.

Records documenting the bid process, including requests for proposals and unsuccessful responses

Disposition: Retain in office (Code of Alabama 1975, Sections 41-16-24).

### **Agency Audit Reports**

Disposition: Temporary Record. Retain 6 years after end of the fiscal year in which the records were created.

# **Requirement and Recommendations for Implementing the Records Disposition Authority**

Under the Code of Alabama 1975, Section 41-13-21, "no state officer or agency head shall cause any state record to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of without first obtaining approval of the State Records Commission." This Records Disposition Authority constitutes authorization by the State Records Commission for the disposition of the records of the Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists (hereafter referred to as the agency) as stipulated in this document.

One condition of this authorization is that the agency submit an annual Records Disposition Authority (RDA) Implementation Report on agency records management activities, including documentation of records destruction, to the State Records Commission in October of each year. In addition, the agency should make every effort to establish and maintain a quality record-keeping program through the following activities:

The agency should designate a records liaison, who is responsible for: ensuring the development of quality record keeping systems that meet the business and legal needs of the agency, coordinating the transfer and destruction of records, ensuring that permanent records held on alternative storage media (such as microforms and digital imaging systems) are maintained in compliance with national and state standards, and ensuring the regular implementation of the agency's approved RDA.

Permanent records in the agency's custody should be maintained under proper intellectual control and in an environment that will ensure their physical order and preservation.

Destruction of temporary records, as authorized in this RDA, should occur agency-wide on a regular basis--for example, after the successful completion of an audit, at the end of an administration, or at the end of a fiscal year. Despite the RDA's provisions, no record should be destroyed that is necessary to comply with requirements of the state Sunset Act, audit requirements, or any legal notice or subpoena.

The agency should maintain full documentation of any computerized record-keeping system it employs. It should develop procedures for: (1) backing up all permanent records held in electronic format; (2) storing a back-up copy off-site; and (3) migrating all permanent records when the system is upgraded or replaced. If the agency chooses to maintain permanent records solely in electronic format, it is committed to funding any system upgrades and migration strategies necessary to ensure the records' permanent preservation and accessibility.

The staff of the State Records Commission or the Examiners of Public Accounts may examine the condition of the permanent records maintained in the custody of the agency and inspect records destruction documentation. Government Records Division archivists are available to instruct the agency staff in RDA implementation and otherwise assist the agency in implementing its records management program.

The State Records Commission adopted this records disposition authority on October 23, 2002.

Edwin C. Bridges, Chairman State Records Commission	Date
By signing below, the agency acknowledges receipt of the established by the records disposition authority.	retention periods and requirements
Keith Warren, Executive Secretary Board of Licensure for Professional Geologists	Date